

Need for Careful Integration of Experimental and Molecular Computational Methods

Bernhardt L. Trout, Dept. of Chem. Eng., MIT: NSF "Future Directions in Catalysis

Research: Catalysts that Function at the Nanoscale, June 19-20, 2003

- **Real catalysts** and catalytic processes are extremely complex— Grand Challenge: “*in situ* methods.”
- **Molecular computations** are powerful ways of isolating individual reaction steps and developing complex reaction models; but, they are limited by (1) inherent accuracy and (2) need to *a priori* define model, which may or may not be an accurate representation of the real system
- **Proposed Solution:** Combine the two, using data from real catalytic systems to help validate and tune parameters in molecular computational/reaction network models. This has been talked about for some time, but not done at the level/magnitude necessary.